

# **Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Policy**

Department/Unit	People, Communications & Governance	First Implemented	28 October 2002	Review Date	July 2027	<	Deleted: People and Culture Deleted: June 2024
Origin	People and Culture Officer	Reviewed	June 2024	Version	<u>6</u>		Deleted: Advisor
Authorising	Endorsement by Council	Effective From	16 July	TRIM	E513/3		Deleted: April 2021
Officer	Endorsement by Council	Lifective 1 form	2024	Reference	L313/3		Deleted: 5
							Deleted: 21 September 2021

## **Purpose/Objective**

Council must ensure all employees, contract employees, volunteers, and Councillors are aware of the Council's commitment to each person receiving equality of treatment and the opportunity to progress to their full potential.

This policy confirms Council's commitment to considering and respecting human rights when making decisions that impact people and the community, while at the same time ensuring compatibility and compliance with the Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006.

We must ensure all Council employees, contract employees, volunteers, and Councillors are aware of the Council's commitment to each person receiving equality of treatment and the opportunity to progress to their full potential.

## **Policy Statement**

All Council employees, contracted employees, volunteers, and Councillors have a responsibility to respect the rights of one another to promote diversity, inclusion, safety, and equal opportunity.

Council will always act in a manner that is compatible with human rights and equal opportunity principles and objectives and is committed to considering and respecting human rights when making decisions that impact people and the community.

This Policy has been developed to provide a clear understanding of Council's culture and standards in dealing with others in an equal, open and transparent manner, free from discrimination, harassment and bullying. It also provides direction on the appropriate processes that are to be followed when an issue arises so that it can be handled sensitively and managed in the best possible manner.

Council, as a public authority, are bound by the provisions of the Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006, legislated in Victoria (the Charter). This includes ensuring compliance Deleted: We Deleted: Council

Deleted: The aim of this Policy is to confirm

Deleted: ¶

Deleted: ensure all parties have

Deleted:

Deleted: with freedom

Deleted: We

with the following principles in our policies, procedures, processes, local laws, service provision, decision making, treatment of staff, use of resources and interactions with the community.

- 1. Right to recognition and equality before the law
- 2. Right to life
- 3. Right to protection from torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment
- 4. Right to freedom from forced work
- 5. Right to freedom of movement
- 6. Right to privacy and reputation
- 7. Right to freedom of thought, conscience, religion and belief
- 8. Right to freedom of expression
- 9. Right to peaceful assembly and freedom of association
- 10. Right to protection of families and children
- 11. Right to take part in public life
- 12. Cultural rights: including recognition that human rights have a special importance for Aboriginal people in Victoria
- 13. Property rights
- 14. Right to liberty and security of person
- 15. Right to humane treatment when deprived of liberty
- 16. Rights of children in the criminal process
- 17. Right to a fair hearing
- 18. Rights of persons in criminal proceedings
- 19. Right not to be tried or punished more than once
- 20. Protection from retrospective criminal laws and penalties

## **Definitions**

Term	Definition
Council	Mansfield Shire Council
Discrimination	To treat someone unfairly on the basis of one or more of the following grounds:  Age
	<ul> <li>Disability (includes past, current and future disability, because of an existing medical condition, which includes the total or partial loss of a body part or a body function such as mobility, sight or hearing,</li> </ul>

Term	Definition
	disfigurement, mental health disorders, learning difficulties and a medical condition such as Multiple Sclerosis, HIV/AIDS or Hepatitis C
	► Employment activity
	Expunged homosexual conviction
	► Industrial activity
	<ul> <li>Lawful sexual activity (choosing or not choosing to take part in any form of sexual activity that is legal in Victoria, including legal sex work</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Marital status, including single, married, divorced, widowed, separated, in a domestic partnership, in a de facto relationship</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Parental and carer status (parental includes biological parents, step- parents, adoptive parents, foster parents, guardians and for the care or support of another person includes a child, partner, parent, relative or friend)</li> </ul>
	► Pregnancy and Breastfeeding
	<ul> <li>Physical features (a person's height, weight, size, shape, facial features, hair, birthmarks)</li> </ul>
	Political belief or activity
	<ul> <li>Race (includes colour, nationality, descent or ancestry, ethnic background, any characteristics associated with a particular race</li> </ul>
	► Religious belief or activity
	Sex and Gender identity
	Sexual Orientation, includes assumed sexual orientation
	Personal association with someone who has, or is assumed to have, one of these personal characteristics.
	Discrimination can be direct or indirect.
Direct discrimination	Direct discrimination happens when someone is treated unfavourably because of a personalcharacteristic protected by the law. Direct discrimination often happens because of unfair assumptions about what people with certain personal characteristics can and cannot do.
Indirect discrimination	Indirect discrimination happens when there is an unreasonable requirement, condition orpractice that disadvantages a person, or a group of people, because of a personal characteristic.
Harassment	It is unlawful to treat a person less favourably on the basis of particular protected attributesincluding such as a person's sex, race, disability or age.

Term	Definition			
	Treating a person less favourably can include harassing a person. A one-off incident can constitute harassment.			
	Harassment can include behaviour such as:			
	telling insulting jokes about particular racial groups			
	sending explicit or sexually suggestive emails or text messages			
	displaying racially offensive or pornographic posters or screen savers			
	making derogatory comments or taunts about a person's disability, or			
	asking intrusive questions about someone's personal life, including his or her sex life.			
Sexual Harassment	Sexual harassment is unwelcome sexual behaviour that causes a person to feel offended, humiliated, or intimidated, where a reasonable person could have anticipated that reaction in the circumstances.			
	Sexual harassment includes an unwelcome sexual advance, an unwelcome request forsexual favours or any other unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature.			
	Sexual harassment can be physical, verbal or written and examples include:			
	comments about someone's private life or the way they look			
	sexually suggestive behaviour, such as leering or staring			
	brushing up against someone, touching, fondling, or hugging			
	sexually suggestive comments or jokes			
	displaying offensive images or objects			
	repeated requests to go out			
	requests for sex			
	sexually explicit emails, text messages or posts on social media			
	sexual assault			
	suggestive behaviour.			
Workplace Bullying	Workplace bullying is when an individual or group of individuals repeatedly behaves unreasonably towards a worker or a group of workers at work and the behaviour createsa risk to health and safety.			
	Unreasonable behaviour is behaviour that a reasonable person, having regard to the circumstances, may see as unreasonable. This would include, but is not limited to, behaviourthat is victimising, humiliating, intimidating or threatening			

Term	Definition				
	Risk to health and safety includes risk to the mental or physical health of the employee. Because bullying at work is an occupational health and safety hazard, intent is not relevant tothe definition.				
	A broad range of behaviours can be bullying, and this behaviour can be direct or indirect.				
Victimisation	Victimisation occurs if someone is treated badly or unfairly or suffers a disadvantage, becausethey have (or propose, intend or are believed to have):				
	► made a complaint,				
	► appeared as a witness,				
	raised a concern or issue,				
	► asserted their rights, or				
	helped someone else to raise a concern, complaint or assert their rights, under this Policy, equal opportunity legislation or occupational health and safety legislation.				

#### Scope

This policy applies to all Council employees, Councillors, contractors, consultants, volunteers and other authorised personnel of Mansfield Shire Council.

### Responsibilities

Human rights are entitlements that belong to everyone and the *Victorian Charter of Human Rights* and *Responsibilities Act 2006* (the Charter) was enacted to protect and promote human rights.

It is the responsibility of management to provide a working environment free from discrimination, harassment and bullying and to exhibit a positive duty by taking reasonable and proportionate measures to eliminate discrimination, sexual harassment or victimisation. All complaints are to be treated confidentially, seriously and sympathetically.

All employees of Council, together with Council contract employees, volunteers and Councillors, have a legal and moral responsibility to treat each other and members of the public fairly, and are expected to fulfil these responsibilities throughout their employment.

Relevant disciplinary action will be taken against anyone found to have breached this policy. No employee will be penalised or disadvantaged as a result of raising concerns or complaints relating to discrimination, harassment or bullying.

Should any person feel their human rights have been breached by a public authority, their concerns can be raised with the Victorian Ombudsman, the Health Complaints Commissioner, or the Disability Services Commissioner.

#### Council Policy

#### Mansfield Shire Council | Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Policy

All Mansfield Shire Council employees, Councillors, volunteers, and Council contract employees are responsible for adhering to and implementing this policy.

Management and employees are to be familiar with, and competent in the application of this Policy, and are accountable for the delivery of this policy.

Adherence to the Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Policy will be overseen by the <u>People</u>, <u>Communications & Governance Directorate</u>,

The <u>People, Communications & Governance Directorate</u> is the owner of this policy. Any reviews of this Policy must bemade in consultation with the <u>Executive Manager People, Communications & Governance and People and Culture Officer.</u>

### **References / Related Policies**

- Racial Discrimination Act 1975 (Cth)
- Sex Discrimination Act 1984 (Cth)
- Australian Human Rights Commission Act 1986 (Cth)
- Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (Cth)
- Victorian Local Government Women's Charter 1997
- Racial and Religious Tolerance Act 2001 (Vic)
- Age Discrimination Act 2004 (Cth)
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (Vic)
- Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006 (Vic)
- Equal Opportunity Act 2010 (Vic)
- Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth)
- Gender Equality Act 2020 (Vic)
- Local Government Act 2020 (Vic)
- Mansfield Shire Council <u>Discrimination</u>, <u>Bullying and Harassment Policy</u>
- Mansfield Shire Council Disciplinary Policy
- Mansfield Shire Council Recruitment and Selection Policy
- Victorian Local Governance Association Toolkit for Local Government (refer TRIM IN19/3182)

## **Gender Impact Assessment**

The Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Policy has had a Gender Impact Assessment (GIA) completed and is compliant with the obligations and objectives of the Victorian Gender Equality Act 2020.

Deleted: People and Culture Department

**Deleted:** People and Culture Department

Deleted: Advisor

		Council	Policy	
Mansfield Shire Council   Equal Op	portunity and Hun	nan Rights Policy		
Implementation				
This Policy is effective from 16 July	2024.			Deleted: 21 September 2021
Review Date				
This Policy is to be reviewed by <u>Jul</u>	y 2027.			Deleted: June 2021
Authorisation to Impleme	ent Policy			
Signed:	Witnessed:			
Councillor		Chief Executive Officer		
Approval dated: 16 July 2024				Deleted: XXX

Mansfield Shire Council reserves the right to review, vary or revoke this Policy at any time.